



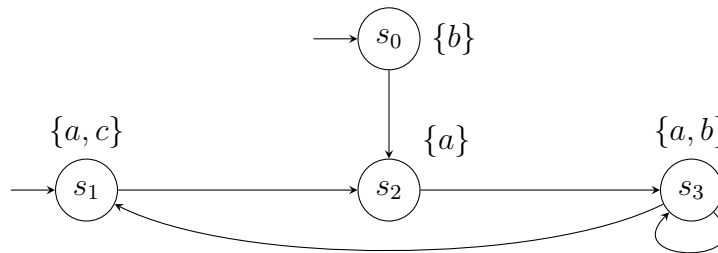
## Tutorial for Cyber-Physical Systems - Discrete Models

### Exercise Sheet 14

#### Exercise 1: CTL

2.5+0.5 Points

Consider the following transition system over the set of atomic propositions  $\{a, b, c\}$ :



Indicate for each of the following CTL formulas the set of states for which the formula is satisfied.

- |   |                                     |   |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|
| (a) $a \wedge \exists \bigcirc b$         | (c) $\forall (a \text{ U } b)$      | (e) $\forall ((\exists \diamond c) \text{ U } (\forall \square a))$ |
| (b) $\forall \bigcirc \exists \bigcirc c$ | (d) $\neg (a \text{ U } \square b)$ | (f) $\forall \square \forall \diamond b$                            |

#### Exercise 2: Equivalences CTL and LTL

3+1 Points

- (a) Consider the LTL formula  $\varphi_1 := \diamond (a \wedge \bigcirc a)$ . Show that the following CTL formulas are not equivalent to  $\varphi_1$ :
- (i)  $\psi_1 := \forall \diamond (a \wedge \exists \bigcirc a)$     (ii)  $\psi_2 := \exists \diamond (a \wedge \forall \bigcirc a)$     (iii)  $\psi_3 := \exists \diamond (a \wedge \exists \bigcirc a)$

Bonus: Find two transition systems which show that  $\varphi_1$ ,  $\psi_1$ ,  $\psi_2$ , and  $\psi_3$  are pairwise not equivalent.

- (b) Consider the LTL formula  $\varphi_2 := \diamond \square a$ . Show that the following CTL formulas are not equivalent to  $\varphi_2$ :
- (i)  $\psi_4 := \forall \diamond \exists \square a$     (ii)  $\psi_5 := \exists \diamond \forall \square a$     (iii)  $\psi_6 := \exists \diamond \exists \square a$

Bonus: Find two transition systems which show that  $\varphi_2$ ,  $\psi_4$ ,  $\psi_5$ , and  $\psi_6$  are pairwise not equivalent.

*Hint:* To show that two formulas  $\varphi$  and  $\psi$  are not equivalent, depict a transition system  $TS$  such that  $TS \models \varphi$  and  $TS \not\models \psi$  (or the other way around).

#### Exercise 3: Existential Normal Form

2 Points

Convert the following CTL formulas into existential normal form:

- (a)  $\forall \bigcirc a$                       (b)  $\forall \square \forall \diamond a$                       (c)  $\forall (a \text{ U } b)$