

Tutorials for Program Verification
Exercise sheet 7

Exercise 1: Quantifier Elimination

2+1 points

- (a) Let $\phi \in \text{Form}$ be a formula and t be a term that does not contain x . Prove that the formula $\exists x = t \wedge \phi$ is equivalent to the formula $\phi[t/x]$.
- (b) State a formula that does not contain any quantifiers and is equivalent to the following formula.

$$\exists x''. \exists y''. x'' \geq 0 \wedge y'' = 0 \wedge (x = x'' + 1 \vee x = x'' \wedge y = y'')$$

Exercise 2: Post-condition Function

4 points

We say that post distributes over the connective \odot wrt. the first argument if the following equation holds.

$$\text{post}(\phi_1 \odot \phi_2, \rho) = \text{post}(\phi_1, \rho) \odot \text{post}(\phi_2, \rho)$$

We say that post distributes over the connective \odot wrt. the second argument if the following equation holds.

$$\text{post}(\phi, \rho_1 \odot \rho_2) = \text{post}(\phi, \rho_1) \odot \text{post}(\phi, \rho_2)$$

- Determine for $\odot \in \{\wedge, \vee, \rightarrow\}$ if post distributes over \odot wrt. the first argument or wrt. the second argument.
- Does post distribute over negation wrt. the first argument or wrt. the second argument?

Give a proof for each positive answer, give a counterexample for each negative answer.

Exercise 3: Reachability Analysis

1+2 points

Consider again the program from Exercise 2 of the fifth exercise sheet.

```
0 : x := i;
1 : y := j;
2 : while x ≠ 0 do {
3 :   x := x - 1
4 :   y := y - 1
5 : }
6 : assert(i = j → y = 0)
```

- (a) State a formal definition of this program in the notation that was introduced in the lecture on Monday 28th November, where a program is given as a tuple

$$P = (V, pc, \varphi_{init}, R, \varphi_{err}).$$

- (b) Compute the set of reachable states.

Exercise 4: Pre-condition Function

1 point

Let V be a tuple of program variables. Let ϕ be a set of states (i.e., ϕ is a formula whose free variables are in V). Let ρ be a binary relation over program states (i.e., ρ is a formula whose free variables are in $V \cup V'$).

In the lecture the formula $post(\phi, \rho)$ was defined as image of the set ϕ under the relation ρ . Define a function wp such that the formula $wp(\phi, \rho)$ denotes the preimage of the set ϕ under the relation ρ .